Towards a unified description of theories with a single scalar degree of freedom

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Generic actions describing gravity $(g_{\mu\nu})$ coupled to

- Scalar (ϕ)
- Vector (A^µ)
- Tensor $(h_{\mu\nu})$

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- Invariant under linear diffeomorphisms
- Maximum two derivatives
- Quadratic in perturbations (SVT decomposition)

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I don't think so

Scalar-Tensor Theories

EFT of Dark Energy gives us the action! If up to second derivatives we have linearized Horndeski!

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Kineticity: α_K

- standard perfect-fluid structures
- not present in archetypal "modified gravity" models

Braiding: α_B

- mixes the kinetic terms of the scalar and metric
- responsible for all the new scale-dependence

Planck mass run-rate: α_M

- $\frac{d}{dt}M_*^2$. M_*^2 effective Planck mass
- anisotropic stress

Tensor speed excess: α_T

- determines the speed of gravitational waves
- anisotropic stress

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You choose

- Fields
- Gauge symmetries
- Number of derivatives

The rest is done by your PC!



- Fields: $g_{\mu\nu}$, A^{μ} plus matter φ
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SVT Decomposition

$$ds^{2} = a^{2}(\tau) \left[-(1 - \delta g_{00}) d\tau^{2} + 2\delta g_{0i} d\tau dx^{i} + \delta g_{ij} dx^{i} dx^{j} \right]$$
$$\delta g_{00} = 2\psi$$
$$\delta g_{0i} = \partial_{i} B + S_{i}$$
$$\delta g_{ij} = 2\phi \delta_{ij} + \partial_{i} \partial_{j} E + \partial_{i} F_{j} + \partial_{j} F_{i} + h_{ij}$$

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$$A^{\mu} = (\bar{A} + \delta A_0, \delta A_i)$$
 with $\delta A_0 = \alpha_0$ and $\delta A_i = \partial_i \alpha + \alpha_i$



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$$\varphi = \bar{\varphi} + \delta \varphi$$



Generic action

$$S = \int d^3x d au \, \mathcal{L}\left(g_{00}, \, g_{0i}, \, g_{ij}, \, A^0, \, A^i\right) + S_m$$

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Quadratic Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L}^{(2)} = \mathcal{L}_{g_{00}g_{00}} \delta g_{00}^2 \, + \, \mathcal{L}_{g_{00}\ddot{g}_{00}} \delta g_{00} \, \dot{\delta g}_{00} \, + \, \mathcal{L}_{\dot{A}^i \dot{A}_i} \dot{\delta A}^i \dot{\delta A}_i \, + \dots$$

Quadratic Lagrangian in SVT

$$\mathcal{L}^{(2)} = \mathcal{L}_{g_{00}g_{00}}\psi^2 + \mathcal{L}_{g_{00}\ddot{g}_{00}}\psi\ddot{\psi} + \mathcal{L}_{\dot{A}^i\dot{A}_i}(\partial_i\dot{\alpha}\partial^i\dot{\alpha} + \dot{\alpha}_i\dot{\alpha}^i) + \dots$$





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Linear coordinate transformation

$$\begin{split} \hat{\delta g}_{\mu\nu} &= \delta g_{\mu\nu} + \partial_{\alpha} g_{\mu\nu} \xi^{\alpha} + g_{\mu\alpha} \partial_{\nu} \xi^{\alpha} + \partial_{\mu} g_{\alpha\nu} \xi^{\alpha} \\ \hat{\delta A}_{\mu} &= \delta A_{\mu} + \partial_{\alpha} A_{\mu} \xi^{\alpha} + A_{\alpha} \partial_{\mu} \xi^{\alpha} \\ \hat{\delta \varphi} &= \delta \varphi + \partial_{\alpha} \varphi \xi^{\alpha} \end{split}$$

$$\xi^{\alpha}=(\pi,\,\partial^{i}\varepsilon+\gamma^{i})$$

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$$\Rightarrow \frac{\delta \mathcal{L}^{(2)}}{\delta \pi} = \frac{\delta \mathcal{L}^{(2)}}{\delta \varepsilon} = \frac{\delta \mathcal{L}^{(2)}}{\delta \gamma^{i}} = 0$$

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$$\Rightarrow \frac{\delta \mathcal{L}^{(2)}}{\delta \pi} = \frac{\delta \mathcal{L}^{(2)}}{\delta \varepsilon} = \frac{\delta \mathcal{L}^{(2)}}{\delta \gamma^{i}} = 0 \Rightarrow \mathcal{L}_{g_{00}g_{00}} = 0 \\ \mathcal{L}_{A_{0}A_{0}} + \mathcal{L}_{A_{0}\dot{A}_{0}} = 0$$

Noether constraints

Minimal number of free functions of time



Results and (Unification?)

Name	Description	ST	VT
$M_*^2 (\alpha_M)$	Planck M ass (run-rate)	\checkmark	√
α_K	K ineticity	√	√
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Unification: OK only for practical purposes!



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Thank you!